House Bill 268 (AS PASSED HOUSE AND SENATE)

By: Representatives Fleming of the 121st, Rynders of the 152nd, Burns of the 159th, Coomer of the 14<sup>th</sup>, Hatchett of the 150<sup>th</sup>, and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 2 elections and primaries generally, so as to provide for the time period for certification of election officials; to repeal obsolete provision; to provide for additional training and sanctions for election superintendents who violate provisions of law or rules and regulations; to revise manner and times for certain qualifying for office; to provide for certain 5 authorization for certain write-in candidate intention of candidacies; to repeal provisions regarding municipal registrars; to revise the types of identification acceptable for voting; to require certain information for voter registration; to revise provisions regarding change of address for electors; to limit when polling places may be moved; to require certain reports regarding polling places established outside of precinct boundaries; to provide for the manner of voting in advance voting locations; to provide for correction of mistakes and omissions on ballot; to provide for the manner of applying for absentee ballots for certain voters; to change the oath form for absentee ballots; to revise the period for certain advance voting; to provide limitations regarding certain activities within close proximity to polling locations when voting is occurring; to provide for the manner of obtaining a provisional ballot; to provide for the delivery, presentation, preservation, and destruction of voting materials; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

19 **SECTION 1.** 

- 20 Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elections and
- 21 primaries generally, is amended by revising Code Section 21-2-101, relating to certification
- program for county and municipal election superintendents or election board designee, 22
- 23 waiver of certification, and failure to comply, as follows:
- "21-2-101. 24

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- (a) All county and municipal election superintendents, chief registrars, and absentee ballot 25
- 26 clerks or, in the case of a board of elections or a board of elections and registration, the

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designee of such board charged with the daily operations of such board shall become certified by completing a certification program approved by the Secretary of State by no later than December 31 of the year in which they are appointed within six months following their appointment. Such program may include instruction on, and may require the superintendent to demonstrate proficiency in, the operation of the state's direct recording electronic voting equipment, the operation of the voting equipment used in such superintendent's jurisdiction, and in state and federal law and procedures related to elections. The local government employing the superintendent or designee shall cover the costs, if any, incurred by such superintendent's or designee's participation in the certification program. Such certification programs shall be offered by the Secretary of State on multiple occasions before December 31 of the year in which such superintendents or designees are appointed and shall not exceed 64 hours of classroom, online, and practical instruction as authorized and approved by the Secretary of State.

- 40 (b) Any county chief registrar or municipal absentee ballot clerk appointed prior to January 1, 2010, who has not met the certification requirement shall complete a 41 42 certification program approved by the Secretary of State by no later than December 31, 43 2011 Reserved.
- 44 (c)(1) A full, partial, or conditional waiver of the certification requirement may be 45 granted by the Secretary of State, in the discretion of the Secretary of State, upon the 46 presentation of evidence by the election superintendent or board that the individual was 47 unable to complete such training due to medical disability, providential cause, or other 48 reason deemed sufficient by the Secretary of State.
- (2) In the event that a municipality authorizes a county to conduct its elections pursuant to Code Section 21-2-45, the municipality may be granted by the Secretary of State, in 50 the discretion of the Secretary of State, a waiver of the certification requirement, provided that the superintendent in charge of running the municipal election shall have previously completed a certification program approved by the Secretary of State and has 53 demonstrated a proficiency in the operation of the voting equipment used in said 55 municipality.
- (d) A superintendent and the county or municipal governing authority which employs such 56 superintendent may be fined by the State Election Board for failure to attain the 57 58 certification required in this Code section.
- (e) After notice and hearing as provided in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia 59 Administrative Procedure Act', the State Election Board may require additional or remedial 60 training or limit, suspend, or revoke the certification of a superintendent if such 61 62 superintendent is found to have violated any provision of this chapter or any rule,

63 regulation, or order issued by the State Election Board. In its discretion, the State Election

- Board may reinstate such certification.
- 65 (f) The State Election Board is authorized to promulgate, amend, or repeal rules and
- 66 regulations for the implementation of this Code section. Such rules and regulations may
- 67 <u>include provisions related to additional or remedial training or the limitation, suspension,</u>
- 68 revocation, or reinstatement of a superintendent's certification issued by the Secretary of
- 69 <u>State.</u>"
- 70 SECTION 2.
- 71 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-130, relating to procedures
- 72 for qualification of candidates generally, as follows:
- 73 "21-2-130.
- Candidates may qualify for an election by virtue of as follows:
- 75 (1) Nomination in a primary conducted by a political party through a political party
- 76 <u>primary</u>;
- 77 (2) Filing a nomination petition either as an independent candidate or as a nominee of
- 78 a political body, if duly certified by the chairperson and the secretary of the political body
- 79 as having been nominated in a duly constituted political body convention as prescribed
- 80 in Code Section 21-2-172 notice of candidacy and affidavit and paying a qualifying fee
- or filing a pauper's affidavit with a pauper's petition in conjunction with:
- 82 (A) Filing a nomination petition declared lawful pursuant to Code Section 21-2-171
- 83 <u>either as an independent candidate or as a nominee of a political body, if duly certified</u>
- by the chairperson and the secretary of the political body as having been nominated in
- 85 <u>a duly constituted political body convention as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-172;</u>
- 86 (B) Nomination for a state-wide office by a duly constituted political body convention
- 87 <u>as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-172 if the political body making the nomination has</u>
- gualified to nominate candidates for state-wide public office under the provisions of
- 89 <u>Code Section 21-2-180;</u>
- 90 (C) Candidacy in a special election as prescribed in subsection (e) of Code
- 91 <u>Section 21-2-132;</u>
- 92 (D) Qualifying as an incumbent candidate to succeed such incumbent as prescribed in
- 93 <u>subsection (e) of Code Section 21-2-132; or</u>
- 94 (E) Candidacy for election to a nonpartisan office;
- 95 (3) Nomination for a state-wide office by a duly constituted political body convention
- as prescribed in Code Section 21-2-172 if the political body making the nomination has
- 97 qualified to nominate candidates for state-wide public office under the provisions of Code
- 98 Section 21-2-180;

99 (4)(3) In the case of an election for presidential electors, nomination as prescribed by rules of a political party and subsection (f) of Code Section 21-2-153; or

- 101 (5)(4) Substitute nomination by a political party or body as prescribed in Code Sections
- 102 <u>Section</u> 21-2-134 and 21-2-155, respectively;
- 103 (6) Candidacy in a special election as prescribed in subsection (e) of Code
- 104 Section 21-2-132; or
- 105 (7) Being an incumbent qualifying as a candidate to succeed such incumbent as
- prescribed in subsection (e) of Code Section 21-2-132."

SECTION 3.

- Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 21-2-132, relating
- 109 to filing notice of candidacy, nomination petition, and affidavit, payment of qualifying fee,
- pauper's affidavit and qualifying petition for exemption from qualifying fee, and military
- 111 service, as follows:
- 112 "(d) All political body and independent candidates shall file their notice of candidacy and
- pay the prescribed qualifying fee by the date prescribed in this subsection in order to be
- eligible to have their names placed on the election ballot by the Secretary of State or
- election superintendent, as the case may be, in the following manner:
- (1) Each candidate for federal or state office elector for President or Vice President of
- the United States, or his or her agent, desiring to have his or her name the names of his
- or her candidates for President and Vice President placed on the election ballot shall file
- a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office
- he or she is seeking, in the office of the Secretary of State either during the period
- beginning at 9:00 A.M. on the Monday of the thirty-fifth week immediately prior to the
- election and ending at 12:00 Noon on the Friday immediately following such Monday,
- notwithstanding the fact that any such days may be legal holidays, or during the period
- beginning at 9:00 A.M. on the fourth Monday in June immediately prior to the election
- and ending at 12:00 Noon on the Friday following the fourth Monday in June,
- notwithstanding the fact that any such days may be legal holidays, in the case of a general
- election. In the case of a special election to fill a federal office, each candidate shall file
- 128 a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office
- sought, in the office of the Secretary of State no earlier than the date of the call of the
- special election and no later than 60 days prior to the special election. In the case of a
- special election to fill a state office, each candidate shall file a notice of his or her
- candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office sought, in the office
- of the Secretary of State no earlier than the date of the call of the special election and no
- later than 25 days prior to the special election;

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(2) Each candidate for United States Senate, United States House of Representatives, or state office, or his or her agent, desiring to have his or her name placed on the election ballot shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, in the office of the Secretary of State during the period beginning at 9:00 A.M. on the Monday of the thirty-fifth week immediately prior to the election and ending at 12:00 Noon on the Friday immediately following such Monday, notwithstanding the fact that any such days may be legal holidays, in the case of a general election. In the case of a special election to fill a federal office listed in this subsection, each candidate shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, in the office of the Secretary of State no earlier than the date of the call of the special election and no later than 60 days prior to the special election. In the case of a special election to fill a state office, each candidate shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, in the office of the Secretary of State no earlier than the date of the call of the special election and no later than 25 days prior to the special election; (2)(3) Each candidate for a county office, or his or her agent, desiring to have his or her name placed on the election ballot shall file notice of his or her candidacy in the office of the superintendent of his or her county either during the period beginning at 9:00 A.M. on the Monday of the thirty-fifth week immediately prior to the election and ending at 12:00 Noon on the Friday immediately following such Monday, notwithstanding the fact that any such days may be legal holidays, or during the period beginning at 9:00 A.M. on the fourth Monday in June immediately prior to the election and ending at 12:00 Noon on the Friday following the fourth Monday in June, notwithstanding the fact that any such days may be legal holidays, in the case of a general election and no earlier than the date of the call of the election and no later than 25 days prior to the election in the case of a special election; (3)(4) Each candidate for municipal office or a designee shall file a notice of candidacy in the office of the municipal superintendent of such candidate's municipality during the municipality's qualifying period. Each municipal superintendent shall designate the days of the qualifying period, which shall be no less than three days and no more than five days. The days of the qualifying period shall be consecutive days. Qualifying periods shall commence no earlier than 8:30 A.M. on the third Monday in August immediately preceding the general election and shall end no later than 4:30 P.M. on the following Friday; and, in the case of a special election, the municipal qualifying period shall commence no earlier than the date of the call and shall end no later than 25 days prior to the election; and

(4)(5)(A) In extraordinary circumstances as described in Code Section 21-2-543.1, each candidate, or his or her agent, desiring to have his or her name placed on the election ballot shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, with the office of the Secretary of State no earlier than the date of the call of the special election and no later than ten days after the announcement of such extraordinary circumstances.

- (B) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply where, during the 75 day period beginning on the date of the announcement of the vacancy:
  - (i) A regularly scheduled general election for the vacant office is to be held; or
  - (ii) Another special election for the vacant office is to be held pursuant to a writ for a special election issued by the Governor prior to the date of the announcement of the vacancy.

The hours of qualifying each day shall be from 8:30 A.M. until 4:30 P.M. with one hour allowed for the lunch break; provided, however, that municipalities which have normal business hours which cover a lesser period of time shall conduct qualifying during normal business hours for each such municipality. Except in the case of a special election, notice of the opening and closing dates and the hours for candidates to qualify shall be published at least two weeks prior to the opening of the qualifying period."

**SECTION 4.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-133, relating to giving notice of intent of write-in candidacy, filing of affidavit, limitations on candidacy, and certification of candidates, as follows:

- "(a) No person elected on a write-in vote shall be eligible to hold office unless notice of his or her intention of candidacy was filed and published no earlier than January 1 and no later than the Tuesday after the first Monday in September prior to the election for county, state, and federal elections; no later than seven days after the close of the qualifying period for nonpartisan elections in the case of nonpartisan elections for state or county offices; no later than seven days after the close of the municipal qualifying period for municipal elections in the case of a general election; or no later than seven days after the close of the special election qualifying period for a special election by the person to be a write-in candidate or by some other person or group of persons qualified to vote in the subject election, as follows:
  - (1) In a state general or special election, notice shall be filed with the Secretary of State and published in a newspaper of general circulation in the state;

(2) In a general or special election of county officers, notice shall be filed with the superintendent of elections in the county in which he or she is to be a candidate and published in the official organ of the same county; or

- (3) In a municipal general or special election, notice shall be filed with the superintendent and published in the official gazette of the municipality holding the election.
- In the event that such intention of candidacy is filed and published by a person or group of persons other than the candidate, such person or group of persons shall also file a written,

214 <u>notarized authorization by the candidate for such filing and publication."</u>

**SECTION 5.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-212, relating to county registrars, appointment, certification, term of service, vacancies, compensation and expenses of chief registrar, registrars, and other officers and employees, and budget estimates, as follows:

"(c) The governing authority of each municipality shall appoint registrars as necessary, and the appointments shall be entered on the minutes of such governing authority. The municipal governing authority shall designate one of the registrars as chief registrar. The chief registrar will serve as such during such registrar's term of office, and such designation shall likewise be entered on the minutes of such governing authority. Such registrars shall serve at the pleasure of the municipal governing authority, and compensation of the registrars shall be fixed by such governing authority. Any registrar shall have the right to resign at any time by submitting a resignation to such governing authority. In the event of any such removal or resignation of a registrar, such registrar's duties and authority as such shall terminate instantly. Successors to resigned registrars shall be appointed by the municipal governing authority. Each appointment or change in designation shall be entered on the minutes of such governing authority and certified by the governing authority. The municipal governing authority may furnish such employees and facilities as it deems necessary for the operation of the office and the affairs of the registrars Reserved."

**SECTION 6.** 

- Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-214, relating to qualifications
   of registrars and deputy registrars, prohibited political activities, oath of office, privilege
- 237 from arrest, and duties conducted in public, as follows:
- 238 "21-2-214.
- 239 (a) Members of the board of registrars shall be electors of the this state and the county in 240 which they serve, and any deputy registrars shall be electors of the state. All registrars

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shall be able to read, write, and speak the English language. Municipal registrars shall be registered Georgia voters and shall be able to read, write, and speak the English language. Registrars and deputy registrars shall have never been convicted of a felony involving moral turpitude unless such person's civil rights have been restored and at least ten years have elapsed from the date of the completion of the sentence without a subsequent conviction of another felony involving moral turpitude and shall never have been convicted of a crime involving fraud, and the appointing authority shall be authorized to investigate the applicant's criminal history before making such appointment. (b) The office of a member of a county or municipal board of registrars, a deputy registrar, member of a county or municipal board of elections or county or municipal board of elections and registration, or a member of a joint county-municipal board of elections or joint county-municipal board of elections and registration shall be vacated immediately upon such officer's qualifying for any nomination or office to be voted for at a primary or election or qualifying for any nomination or office or qualifying to have such officer's name placed on any primary or election ballot pursuant to Code Sections 21-2-132 and 21-2-153 or giving notice of such officer's intention of write-in candidacy; provided, however, that this Code section shall not apply to a chief deputy registrar who is also an elected public officer and who seeks to qualify for reelection to the public office such chief deputy registrar is presently holding. Nothing contained in this Code section shall cause the office of a member of a county or municipal board of registrars, deputy registrar, member of a county or municipal board of elections or county or municipal board of elections and registration, or a member of a joint county-municipal board of elections or joint county-municipal board of elections and registration to be vacated upon qualifying for or having such officer's name placed on the ballot or holding office in a political party or body or serving as a presidential elector. (c) No member of a county or municipal board of registrars, deputy registrar, member of a county or municipal board of elections or county or municipal board of elections and registration, or a member of a joint county-municipal board of elections or joint county-municipal board of elections and registration, while conducting the duties of such person's office, shall engage in any political activity on behalf of a candidate, political party or body, or question, including, but not limited to, distributing campaign literature, engaging in any communication that advocates or criticizes a particular candidate, officeholder, or political party or body, and wearing badges, buttons, or clothing with partisan messages. (d) Before entering upon the duties of office, each registrar and deputy registrar shall take

the following oath before some officer authorized to administer oaths under the laws of this

278 'I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully and impartially discharge, to the best of my 279 ability, the duties imposed upon me by law as (deputy) registrar.'

- 280 (e) Registrars, deputy registrars, election superintendents, and poll officers shall be 281 privileged from arrest upon days of primaries and elections, except for fraudulent 282 misconduct of duty, felony, larceny, or breach of the peace.
- (f) The registrars shall conduct their duties in public and all hearings on the qualifications
   of electors shall be conducted in public."

285 **SECTION 7.** 

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- Said chapter is further amended by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (g) of Code Section 21-2-216, relating to qualifications of electors generally, reregistration of electors purged from list, eligibility of nonresidents who vote in presidential elections, retention of qualification for standing as elector, evidence of citizenship, and check of convicted felons and deceased persons databases, as follows:
- 291 "(2) Satisfactory evidence of citizenship shall include any of the following:
- 292 (A) The number of the applicant's Georgia driver's license or identification card issued 293 by the Department of Driver Services if the applicant has provided satisfactory 294 evidence of United States citizenship to the Department of Driver Services or a legible 295 photocopy of the applicant's driver's license or identification card issued by an 296 equivalent government agency of another state if the agency indicates on the driver's 297 license or identification card that the applicant has provided satisfactory evidence of 298 United States citizenship to the agency;
- 299 (B) A legible photocopy of the applicant's birth certificate that verifies citizenship to the satisfaction of the board of registrars;
  - (C) A legible photocopy of pertinent pages of the applicant's United States passport identifying the applicant and the applicant's passport number or presentation to the board of registrars of the applicant's United States passport;
- 304 (D) A presentation to the board of registrars of a legible copy of the applicant's United States naturalization documents or the alien registration number from the applicant's naturalization documents. If only the applicant's alien registration number is provided, the applicant shall not be found eligible to vote until the applicant's alien registration number is verified with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services by the board of registrars;
- 310 (E) Other documents or methods of proof that are established pursuant to the federal Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (P. L. 99-603);
- 312 (F) The applicant's Bureau of Indian Affairs card <del>number</del>, tribal treaty card <del>number</del>, 313 or tribal enrollment <del>number</del> <u>card</u>; and

(G) For residents of this state who are United States citizens but are not in possession of any of the documents or methods of proof enumerated under subparagraphs (A) through (F) of this paragraph, other documents or methods of proof for establishing evidence of United States citizenship which shall be promulgated by rule and regulation of the State Election Board."

319 **SECTION 8.** 

320 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:

321 "<u>21-2-220.1.</u>

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(a) Any person applying to register to vote shall provide his or her Georgia driver's license number or identification card number for an identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 5 of Title 40 on the voter registration application. If a person does not have a Georgia driver's license or identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 5 of Title 40, such person shall provide the last four digits of his or her social security number on the voter registration application. If a person does not have a Georgia driver's license, a Georgia identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 5 of Title 40, or a social security number, the person shall affirm this fact in the manner prescribed in the voter registration application upon penalty of law and such application shall be processed without regard to the procedures outlined in subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this Code section.

(b) For those voter registration applicants who have a Georgia driver's license number or identification card number for an identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 5 of Title 40, or the last four digits of a social security number, a voter registration application may be accepted as valid only after the board of registrars has verified the authenticity of the Georgia driver's license number, the identification card number of an identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 5 of Title 40, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant.

(c) The authenticity of an applicant's Georgia driver's license number, identification card number of an identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 5 of Title 40, or the last four digits of the social security number may be verified by:

(1) The board of registrars matching the Georgia driver's license number, identification card number of an identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 5 of Title 40, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant with the applicant's record on file with the Department of Driver Services or the federal

Social Security Administration; or

348	(2) The applicant providing sufficient evidence to the board of registrars to verify the
349	applicant's identity, which sufficient evidence includes, but is not limited to, providing
350	one of the forms of identification listed in subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-417.
351	(d)(1) If a completed voter registration application has been received by the registration
352	deadline set by Code Section 21-2-224 but the Georgia driver's license number, the
353	identification card number of an identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of
354	Chapter 5 of Title 40, or the last four digits of the social security number provided by the
355	applicant cannot be verified, the applicant shall be notified that the number cannot be
356	verified and that the applicant must provide sufficient evidence to the board of registrars
357	to verify the applicant's identity in order to have his or her application processed by the
358	board of registrars.
359	(2) If the applicant provides such sufficient evidence on or before the date of a primary
360	or election, and if the applicant is found eligible to vote, the applicant shall be added to
361	the list of electors and shall be permitted to vote in the primary or election and any runoff
362	resulting therefrom and subsequent primaries and elections.
363	(3) If the applicant has not provided such sufficient evidence or such number has not
364	otherwise been verified on or before the date of a primary or election, the applicant
365	presenting himself or herself to vote shall be provided a provisional ballot. The
366	provisional ballot shall be counted only if such number is verified by the end of the time
367	period set forth in subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-419 or if the applicant presents
368	sufficient evidence to the board of registrars to verify the applicant's identity, by the end
369	of the time period set forth in subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-419.
370	(4) The voter application shall be rejected if the Georgia driver's license number,
371	identification card number of an identification card issued pursuant to Article 5 of
372	Chapter 5 of Title 40, or last four digits of the social security number provided by the
373	applicant is not verified and the applicant fails to present sufficient evidence to the board
374	of registrars to verify the applicant's identity within 26 months following the date of the
375	application.
376	(5) This subsection shall not apply to an electronic voter registration application
377	submitted pursuant to Code Section 21-2-221.2."

**SECTION 9.** 

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Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (e) of Code Section 21-2-224, relating to registration deadlines, restrictions on voting in primaries, official list of electors, and voting procedure when portion of county changed from one county to another, as follows:

"(e) The county board of registrars shall deliver to the chief registrar of the municipality, upon a basis mutually agreed upon between the county board of registrars and the

governing authority of the municipality, a copy of the list of electors for the municipality for the primary or election. Such list shall be delivered not earlier than the fifth Monday prior to a primary or election and not later than 21 days prior to such primary or election for the purpose of permitting the chief registrar of the municipality to check the accuracy of the list. The municipal registrar municipality shall, upon receipt of the county registration list, or as soon as practicable thereafter but in no event later than five days prior to such primary or election, review such list and identify in writing to the county board of registrars any names on the electors list of persons who are not qualified to vote at such primary or election, stating the reason for disqualification. The county board of registrars shall challenge the persons identified in accordance with Code Section 21-2-228. In addition, the county board of registrars shall provide a list of inactive electors for the municipality. The municipal registrar municipality shall certify such lists and file with the city clerk a copy showing the names of electors entitled to vote at such primary or election."

**SECTION 10.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-226, relating to duties of county board in determining eligibility of voters; maps of municipal boundaries, notice of ineligibility, issuance of registration cards, and reimbursement for postage cost, as follows:

"(c) It shall be the duty of each incorporated municipality located wholly or partially within the boundaries of a county to provide a detailed map showing the municipal boundaries, municipal precinct boundaries, and voting district boundaries to the county board of registrars no later than January 1, 1995, and within 15 days of any changes in such municipal boundaries, precinct boundaries, or voting district boundaries. Upon receiving any changes in municipal boundaries, the county board of registrars shall provide to the municipal registrar municipality a list of all voters affected by such changes with the street addresses of such electors for the purpose of verifying the changes with the municipality. Upon receiving the list of electors affected by changes in municipal boundaries, the municipal registrar municipality shall immediately review the information provided by the county registrars and advise the county registrars of any discrepancies."

**SECTION 11.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 21-2-233, relating to comparison of change of address information supplied by United States Postal Service with electors list, removal from list of electors, and notice to electors, as follows:

"(d) Whenever an elector's name is removed from the list of electors by the county registrars because the elector has furnished in writing to the registrar a residence address that is located outside of the State of Georgia, the registrars shall notify the elector in writing at the elector's new address that the elector's name is being deleted from the list of electors. Whenever an elector's registration is transferred by the county registrars to another county in this state because the elector has furnished in writing to the registrar a residence address that is located in this state outside of the elector's present county of registration in accordance with subsection (c) of this Code section, the registrars of the county of the elector's former residence shall notify the elector in writing at the elector's new address that the elector's registration is being transferred to the new address. The registrars of the county of the elector's new address shall provide the elector with a new registration card pursuant to Code Section 21-2-226."

**SECTION 12.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 21-2-234, relating to electors who have failed to vote and with whom there has been no contact in three years, confirmation notice requirements and procedure, and time for completion of list maintenance activities, as follows:

"(d) If the elector returns the card and shows that he or she has changed residence to a place outside of the State of Georgia, the elector's name shall be removed from the appropriate list of electors. If the elector confirms his or her change of address to an address outside of the boundaries of the county or municipality in which the elector is currently registered, the elector's name shall be removed from the appropriate list of electors and information shall be sent to the elector explaining how the elector can continue to be eligible to vote but still within the State of Georgia, the elector's registration shall be transferred to the new county or municipality. The Secretary of State or the registrars shall forward the confirmation card to the registrars of the county in which the elector's new address is located, and the registrars of the county of the new address shall update the voter registration list to reflect the change of address."

**SECTION 13.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (e) of Code Section 21-2-265, relating to duty of superintendent to select polling places, change, petition objecting to proposed change, space for political parties holding primaries, facilities for disabled voters, and selection of polling place outside precinct to better serve voters, as follows:

"(e) The On and after January 1, 2018, the superintendent may establish the polling place for a precinct outside the boundaries of the precinct if there is no suitable facility within the

precinct which could be used as a polling place and if, by so doing, such polling place would better serve the needs of the voters; provided, however, that no polling place shall be established outside of the boundaries of the precinct within 90 days of a primary or election, and the superintendent shall submit a report to the State Election Board to demonstrate that there is no suitable facility within the precinct prior to establishing the polling place outside the boundaries of the precinct."

**SECTION 14.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-293, relating to correction of

461 mistakes and omissions on ballot, as follows:

462 "21-2-293.

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(a) If the election superintendent discovers that a mistake or omission has occurred in the printing of official ballots or in the programming of the display of the official ballot on DRE voting equipment for any primary or election, the superintendent is authorized on his or her own motion to take such steps as necessary to correct such mistake or omission if the superintendent determines that such correction is feasible and practicable under the circumstances; provided, however, that the superintendent gives at least 24 hours notice to the Secretary of State and any affected candidates of the mistake or omission prior to making such correction.

(b) When it is shown by affidavit that a mistake or omission has occurred in the printing of official ballots or in the programming of the display of the official ballot on DRE voting equipment for any primary or election, the superior court of the proper county may, upon the application of any elector of the county or municipality, require the superintendent to correct the mistake or omission or to show cause why he or she should not do so."

476 **SECTION 15.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-380.1, relating to appointment of absentee ballot clerk, as follows:

479 "21-2-380.1.

The governing authority of a municipality shall appoint an absentee ballot clerk who may

be the county registrar, municipal registrar, or any other designated official and who shall

perform the duties set forth in this article."

483 **SECTION 16.** 

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Said chapter is further amended by revising subparagraph (a)(1)(G) and paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section 21-2-381, relating to making of application for absentee ballot, determination of eligibility by ballot clerk, furnishing of applications to colleges and universities, and persons entitled to make application, as follows:

- "(G) Any elector meeting criteria of advanced age or disability specified by rule or regulation of the State Election Board or any elector who is entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the federal Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1973ff, et seq., as amended, may request in writing on one application a ballot for a presidential preference primary held pursuant to Article 5 of this chapter and for a primary as well as for any runoffs resulting therefrom and for the election for which such primary shall nominate candidates as well as any runoffs resulting therefrom. If not so requested by such person, a separate and distinct application shall be required for each primary, run-off primary, election, and run-off election. Except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph, a separate and distinct application for an absentee ballot shall always be required for the presidential preference primary held pursuant to Article 5 of this chapter and for any special election or special primary."
- "(2) If found eligible, the registrar or absentee ballot clerk shall certify by signing in the proper place on the application and then:
- (A) Shall mail the ballot as provided in this Code section;
- (B) If the application is made in person, shall issue the ballot to the elector to be voted on a direct recording electronic (DRE) voting system within the confines of the registrar's or absentee ballot clerk's office as required by Code Section 21-2-383 if the ballot is issued during the advance voting period established pursuant to subsection (d) of Code Section 21-2-385; or
- 508 (C) May deliver the ballot in person to the elector if such elector is confined to a hospital."

**SECTION 17.** 

- Said chapter is further amended by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-384, relating to preparation and delivery of supplies, mailing of ballots, oath
- 513 of absentee electors and persons assisting absentee electors, master list of ballots sent,
- 514 challenges, and electronic transmission of ballots, as follows:
- 515 "(c)(1) The oaths referred to in subsection (b) of this Code section shall be in substantially the following form:
- I, the undersigned, do swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States and of the State of Georgia; that my residence address, for voting purposes, is \_\_\_\_\_\_

519 County, Georgia; that I possess the qualifications of an elector required by the laws of the State of Georgia; that I am entitled to vote in the precinct containing my residence 520 521 in the primary or election in which this ballot is to be cast; that I am eligible to vote by 522 absentee ballot; that I have not marked or mailed any other absentee ballot, nor will I mark or mail another absentee ballot for voting in such primary or election; nor shall 523 524 I vote therein in person; and that I have read and understand the instructions 525 accompanying this ballot; and that I have carefully complied with such instructions in completing this ballot. I understand that the offer or acceptance of money or any other 526 527 object of value to vote for any particular candidate, list of candidates, issue, or list of issues included in this election constitutes an act of voter fraud and is a felony under 528 529 Georgia law. 530 Elector's Residence 531 532 Address 533 534 Month and Day Year of 535 Elector's Birth 536 537 Signature or Mark of Elector 538 Oath of Person Assisting Elector (if any): I, the undersigned, do swear (or affirm) that I assisted the above-named elector in 539 540 marking such elector's absentee ballot as such elector personally communicated such 541 elector's preference to me; and that such elector is entitled to receive assistance in voting under provisions of subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-409. 542 543 This, the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_ 544 Signature of Person Assisting 545 Elector -- Relationship 546 547 Reason for assistance (Check appropriate square): ☐ Elector is unable to read the English language. 548 549 ☐ Elector requires assistance due to physical disability.

The forms upon which such oaths are printed shall contain the following information:

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Georgia law provides, in subsection (b) of Code Section 21-2-409, that no person shall assist more than ten electors in any primary, election, or runoff in which there is no federal candidate on the ballot.

Georgia law further provides that any person who knowingly falsifies information so as to vote illegally by absentee ballot or who illegally gives or receives assistance in voting, as specified in Code Section 21-2-568 or 21-2-573, shall be guilty of a felony."

**SECTION 18.** 

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Said chapter is further amended by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Code Section 21-2-385, relating to procedure for voting by absentee ballot and advance voting, as follows:

- ''(d)(1) There shall be a period of advance voting that shall commence:
- (A) On the fourth Monday immediately prior to each primary or election;
  - (B) On the fourth Monday immediately prior to a runoff from a general primary;
- 564 (C) On the fourth Monday immediately prior to a runoff from a general election in 565 which there are candidates for a federal office on the ballot in the runoff; and
  - (D) As soon as possible prior to a runoff from any other general election in which there are only state or county candidates on the ballot in the runoff

and shall end on the Friday immediately prior to each primary, election, or runoff. Voting shall be conducted during normal business hours on weekdays during such period and shall be conducted on the second Saturday prior to a primary or election during the hours of 9:00 A.M. through 4:00 P.M.; provided, however, that in primaries and elections in which there are no federal or state candidates on the ballot, no Saturday voting hours shall be required; and provided, further, that, if such second Saturday is a public and legal holiday pursuant to Code Section 1-4-1, if such second Saturday follows a public and legal holiday occurring on the Thursday or Friday immediately preceding such second Saturday, or if such second Saturday immediately precedes a public and legal holiday occurring on the following Sunday or Monday, such advance voting shall not be held on such second Saturday but shall be held on the third Saturday prior to such primary; or election, or runoff. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, counties and municipalities may extend the hours for voting beyond regular business hours and may provide for additional voting locations pursuant to Code Section 21-2-382 to suit the needs of the electors of the jurisdiction at their option."

**SECTION 19.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsections (a) and (c) of Code Section 21-2-414, relating to restrictions on campaign activities and public opinion polling

within the vicinity of a polling place, cellular phone use prohibited, prohibition of candidatesfrom entering certain polling places, and penalty, as follows:

- 588 "(a) No person shall solicit votes in any manner or by any means or method, nor shall any
- person distribute or display any campaign material, nor shall any person solicit signatures
- for any petition or conduct any exit poll or public opinion poll with voters, nor shall any
- 591 person, other than election officials discharging their duties, establish or set up any tables
- or booths on any day in which ballots are being cast:
- 593 (1) Within 150 feet of the outer edge of any building within which a polling place is
- established;
- 595 (2) Within any polling place; or
- 596 (3) Within 25 feet of any voter standing in line to vote at any polling place.
- These restrictions shall not apply to conduct occurring in private offices or areas which
- cannot be seen or heard by such electors."
- 7(c)(1) Reserved No person shall conduct any exit poll or public opinion poll with voters
- within 25 feet of the exit of any building in which a polling place is established on any
- day in which ballots are being cast.
- 602 (2) Except for credentialed poll watchers, poll workers, and law enforcement officers,
- 603 poll managers may manage the number of persons allowed in the polling place to prevent
- confusion, congestion, and inconvenience to voters."

605 **SECTION 20.** 

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-418, relating

607 to provisional ballots, as follows:

608 "(a) If a person presents himself or herself at a polling place, absentee polling place, or

registration office in his or her county of residence in this state for the purpose of casting

a ballot in a primary or election believing stating a good faith belief that he or she has

- 611 timely registered to vote in such county of residence in such primary or election and the
- person's name does not appear on the list of registered electors, the person shall be entitled
- to cast a provisional ballot <u>in his or her county of residence in this state</u> as provided in this
- 614 Code section."

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615 **SECTION 21.** 

- Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-500, relating
- 617 to delivery of voting materials, presentation to grand jury in certain cases, preservation and
- destruction, and destruction of unused ballots, as follows:
- 619 "(c) Immediately upon completing the returns required by this article, the municipal
- superintendent shall deliver in sealed containers to the city clerk the used and void ballots

and the stubs of all ballots used; one copy of the oaths of poll officers; and one copy of each numbered list of voters, tally paper, voting machine paper proof sheet, and return sheet involved in the primary or election. In addition, the municipal superintendent shall deliver copies of the voting machine ballot labels, computer chips containing ballot tabulation programs, copies of computer records of ballot design, and similar items or an electronic record of the program by which votes are to be recorded or tabulated, which is captured prior to the election, and which is stored on some alternative medium such as a CD-ROM or floppy disk simultaneously with the programming of the PROM or other memory storage device. Such ballots and other documents shall be preserved under seal in the office of the city clerk for at least 24 months; and then they may be destroyed unless otherwise provided by order of the mayor and council if a contest has been filed or by court order, provided that the electors list, voter's certificates, and duplicate oaths of assisted electors shall be immediately returned by the superintendent to the county or municipal registrar as appropriate."

**SECTION 22.** 

636 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.